REMARKS

Entry and consideration of the following amendments and remarks is respectfully requested.

Claims 19-32 are pending and claim 19 has been amended herein.

Claims 19-27 and 29-32 were been rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable

over Oy (GB 2,349,688) in view of Baker. This rejection is respectfully traversed.

The Examiner's rejection is respectfully traversed in view of the content of amended

independent claim 19. Claim 19 has been amended to require side walls and a top wall and show that

the device is thus closed from the sides and from the top and is open from below for a circulated air

flow coming into the device and for a combined air flow L1 + L2 discharging from the device. In

that connection, the circulated air flow of room air comes to the heat exchanger from below and

specifically as induced by fresh supply air passed from the nozzles. The air flows are combined in

the chamber between heat exchanger and the side structures, and said chamber comprises a damper

for controlling an induction ration *i.e.* the ratio between the flows L1 and L2.

The Oy GB patent does not comprise a control device for controlling an induction ration.

Also, when combined with the arrangement taught by the Baker reference, a combination is not

achieved where an induction ratio control device would be formed specifically of a control damper

placed in a chamber. Applicant's device controls the flow ratio between the flows L1 and L2, i.e.

L2:L1. It is a ratio of the flow quantity Q1 (litres/min) of the circulated air flow L2 to the flow

quantity Q1 (litres/min) of fresh supply air. The flow quantity of the circulated air can be

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6

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Appl. No. 09/990,239

Amdt. Dated April 7, 2004

Reply to Office Action of January 7, 2004

considerably greater than the flow quantity Q1 of the fresh supply air flow L1.

It is also essential to the device of the present invention that the control damper is situated

after the combining of the supply air flow and the circulated air flow. The Baker reference does not

disclose a device that is open from below and closed from the sides. Furthermore, neither the Oy

patent nor the Baker teaches a control damper in a chamber.

The Applicant's device can be placed in the plane of a false ceiling of a room, so that the

combined air flow L1 + L2 can be caused to flow sideways in the direction of the plane of the false

ceiling and attached thereto by means of the Coanda effect. The two references cited by the

Examiner do not disclose this. They do not disclose the control device for controlling the induction

ration L1/L2 in accordance with our invention.

In view of the amendments to claim 19 and the arguments presented above, it is respectfully

submitted that the Examiner's rejection of the claims has been overcome and should be removed.

In view of the amendments to the claims made herein and the arguments presented above it

is submitted that the Examiner's objections have been overcome and should be withdrawn.

It is believed that the submission of this Amendment is timely. In the event that any

extensions and/or fees are required for the entry of this Amendment, the Commissioner is

specifically authorized to charge such fee to Deposit Account No. 50-0518 in the name of Steinberg

& Raskin, P.C.

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7

Appl. No. 09/990,239 Amdt. Dated April 7, 2004 Reply to Office Action of January 7, 2004

Should any changes to the claims and/or specification be deemed necessary to place the application in condition for allowance, the Examiner is respectfully requested to contact the undersigned to discuss the same.

An early and favorable action on the merits is earnestly solicited.

Respectfully submitted,

STEINBERG & RASKIN, P.C.

Bv:

Joe H. Shallenburger

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